

# Week 7 Quiz

Started: Apr 19 at 8:33am

## Quiz Instructions

Questions are drawn from Ethical & Religious Directives (Part 3, 4, 5); Practical Ethics for Students, Interns and Residents (I-XX); and Caring Conversations.



Question 1 1 pts

An Advance Directive typically consists of two documents. Which two of the following are they?



Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions



Last will and testament



Healthcare Treatment Directive



Living Trust



Question 2 1 pts

An "acceptable quality of life" is based on (select all that apply):



Can I recognize family and friends?



Am I able to feed myself?



Can I take care of myself?



Am I able to make decisions?



Question 3 1 pts

Medical futility means any effort to provide a benefit to a patient that is highly likely to fail and whose rare exceptions cannot systematically be reproduced.



True



False



Question 4 1 pts

HIPAA requires a patient's permission to disclose personal health information other than for the purposes of treatment, payment, and healthcare operations.



True



False



Question 5 1 pts

To give "informed consent," the patient must have a clear understanding of (select all that apply):



the disease process



The likely effect of no treatment



benefits and burdens of the recommended treatment



prognosis



Question 6 1 pts

A DNR written in a patient's medical record means DO NOT \_\_\_\_\_.

RESUSCITATE



Question 7 1 pts

When a family member or other legal surrogate has to make a decision about your health care because you are not able to make the decision yourself, they try to make the same decision they believe you would make. This is called \_\_\_\_\_ judgment.

substituted



Question 8 1 pts

When the physician participates in the intentional, deliberate act to cause the immediate death of a person with a terminal, incurable or painful disease by the medical administration of a lethal drug, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.

euthanasia



Question 9 1 pts

"Physician-assisted suicide" (sometimes called "physician-assisted death") means a physician has provided the medical means, usually a drug, by which a patient may end his/her own life but is not the agent.



True



False



## Question 10 1 pts

The ERDs state that medically assisted nutrition and hydration become morally optional when they cannot reasonably be expected to prolong life or when they would be excessively burdensome for the patient, or would cause significant discomfort for the patient.



True



False



## Question 11 1 pts

Brittany Maynard moved from California to Oregon so that she could utilize a medical procedure known as:



physician-assisted suicide (or death)



experimental chemotherapy



brain transplant



sex change



## Question 12 1 pts

An individual is not allowed to make her/his own medical treatment decisions if she/he is believed to lack decision-making capacity.



True



False



## Question 13 1 pts

The parents of some critically ill newborns withheld standard medical treatment for correctable gastrointestinal birth defects, leading to their death by preventing nutrition and hydration. The laws passed to prevent this kind of treatment were called the Baby \_\_\_\_\_ laws.



Question 14 1 pts

Nancy Cruzan was a young Missouri woman who was diagnosed with \_\_\_\_\_ .



polio



persistent vegetative state



COVID-19



organic brain syndrome



Question 15 1 pts

Helga Wanglie's husband fought to have his wife removed from the ventilator on which she was totally dependent for survival.



True



False



Question 16 1 pts

"Caring Conversation" booklet describes the advance directive preparation as having four steps. They are REFLECT, TALK, APPOINT, and \_\_\_\_\_.



## Question 17 1 pts

Oregon was the first state to legalize physician-assisted suicide (death), naming law the Death with Dignity Act.



True



False



## Question 18 1 pts

Competence refers to a person's ability to make decisions about their affairs, including money, real estate and business. An adult patient remains legally competent until a court rules otherwise.



True



False



## Question 19 1 pts

According to the ERDs, a person has a moral obligation to use ordinary means of preserving his/her life, which means medical interventions and care that the patient believes offer reasonable hope or benefit and do not impose excessive burden or excessive expense on the patient or family.



True



False



## Question 20 1 pts

The Catholic Church, as explained in the ERDs, does not approve of organ donation.

True

False

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Quiz saved at 9:03am

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